

All Shore Industries, Inc.

P/N ASI-J-14432AF--P-ID/A

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Approved By:

Records of Revision

Revision	Revision	Date	Contents	Approved
А	2006/1/	/17	Initial Release and Issue Full Specification	KEVIN_LIN
В	2006/1/	/27	The thickness of LCD has been changed from 1.1mm to 0.7mm	KEVIN_LIN

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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

LCD Type	FSTN POSITIVE REFLECTIVE
Display Format	144*32DOTS
Input Data	parallel data input from MPU
Driving Method	1/33DUTY, 1/5BIAS
Viewing Direction	6: 00 O'CLOCK
Driver IC	RA8816
Module Size(W*H*T)	86*26.15/33.7MAX
Viewing Area (W*H)	83.6*23.75
Dot Pitch (W*H)	0.56*0.65
Dot Size (W*H)	0.51*0.6
Active Area (W*H)	80.59*20.75
Others	ROHS

2. MECHANICAL DIMENSION



Item	Symbol	MIN	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD	2.7	3.8	V
	VLCD	2.7	12.0	V
Input Voltage	Vin	0.3	VDD+0.3	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstr	-30	80	°C

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Symbl	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Suppl	Logic	V _{DD}	V _{DD} -GND	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Voltage	LCD	V _{LCD}	-	7.8	8.0	8.2	V
Input	H level	V _{IH}		0.8VDD		VDD	V
Voltage	L level	V _{IL}	-	VSS		0.2VDD	v
Current C	onsumption	I _{DD}				1	mA
(without bac	cklight)		_			1	ma

5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTIONS
1	VLCD	Voltage converter input / output pin Connect this pin to Vss through capacitor.
2	C3P	Capacitor 3 positive connection pin for voltage converter
3	C2M	Capacitor 2 negative connection pin for voltage converter
4	C2P	Capacitor 2 positive connection pin for voltage converter
5	C1M	Capacitor 1 negative connection pin for voltage converter
6	C1P	Capacitor 1 positive connection pin for voltage converter
7	V0	VLCD power supply
8	V1-V4	LCD driver supply voltages The voltage determined by LCD pixel is impedance-converted by an operational amplifier for application. Voltages should have the following relationship; $V0 \ge V1 \ge V2 \ge V3 \ge V4 \ge VSS$
12	VREF	Reference voltage
13	GND	Connect to ground
14	VDD	Power supply
15-22	DB7-DB0	Input date
23	EN	enable signal
24	RW	Read or write control pin
25	RS	Register select input pin - RS = "H": DB0 to DB7 are display data - RS = "L": DB0 to DB7 are control data
26	CS	Chip select input pins
27	INT	Interrupt control pin
28	RST	Reset input pin When RESETB is "L", initialization is executed.

All Shore Industries, Inc. P/N ASI-J-14432AF--P-ID/A 6. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF LCM



7. Electro-Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Contrast	К	θ=0° Φ=0°	3		—	deg.
Viewing		K=3.0 θx	-40	_	40	deg.
Angle	θ	К=3.0 өу	-25		40	deg.
Response	T _{on}	25°C			250	ms
time	T _{off}	25°C		_	250	ms

(1). Definition of Optical Response Time



<u>All Shore Industries, Inc.</u> P/N ASI-J-14432AF--P-ID/A (2). Definition of Driving Voltage (Vlcd)

Vlcd=(V10,ON +V90,OFF)/2



(3). Definition of Viewing Angle θ and Φ



8. RELIABILITY

ITEM	CONDITIONS	CRITERIA
High temperature operation	70°℃ for 96 hours	
Low temperature operation	−20°C for 96 hours	
High humidity storage	40°C,90%RH for 96 hours	
High temperature storage	80°C for 96 hours	
Low temperature storage	-30°C for 96 hours	
Temperature cycling	80°C (30 min)	
	↓↑	
	25°C (5 min)	
	↓ ↑	
	-30°C (30 min)	
	CYCLES: 5	

9. USING LCD MODULES

a. LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY MODULES

LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

- 1. Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
- 2. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with anything harder than a HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc).
- 3. N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizer and reflectors made of organic substances, which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, toluene, ethanol and isopropyl alcohol.
- 4. When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum ether. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- 5. Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
- 6. Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- 8. Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- 9. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degrade insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinate to the polarizer).

10. As glass is fragile, it tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

b. INSTALLING LCD MODULE

Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

- 1. Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.
- 2. When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

c. ELECTRO-STATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid for electrostatic discharge as for ordinary CMOS IC.

- 1. Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.
- 2. Before removing LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- 3. When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- 4. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutate of the motor.
- 5. As far as possible, make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the workbenches to the ground potential.
- 6. To reduce the generation of electro-static discharge, be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

d. PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATION

1. Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (Vo). Adjust Vo to show the best contrast.

2. Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit will shorten its lifetime.

3. Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.

4. If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then on.

All Shore Industries, Inc. P/N ASI-J-14432AF--P-ID/A 10 INSPECTION STANDARD OF LCM.

AQL inspection standard

Sampling method: MIL-STD-105E, Level $\,$ II , single sampling $\,$

Defect classification (Note:* is not including)

Classify	Item Note			
		Short or open circuit		
	D' 1 ()	Flickering	1	
	Display state	No display	1	
Major		Wrong viewing direction		0.4
		Flat cable or pin reverse	10	
	No-display	Wrong or missing component	11	
		LC leakage	1	
	Display state	Background color deviation	2	1.0
		Black spot and dust	3	1.0
		Line defect	4	1.0
		Rainbow	5	1.0
		Pin hole	6	1.0
Minor		Segment defect	7	1.0
MIIIOI		Back-light	1,8	1.0
		Contrast defect (dim, ghost)	2	1.0
	Dolorizor	Scratch	4	1.0
	FoldLizei	Bubble and foreign material	3	1.0
	Soldering	Poor connection	9	1.0
	Wire	Poor connection	10	1.0
TOTAL				1.5

Note on defect classification

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No	Item	Criterion				
1	Short or open circuit					
	Lc Leakage					
	Flickering	Netallow				
	No display					
	Wrong viewing direction					
	Wrong Back-light					
2	Contrast defect	rafar to ann	rovol	sampla		
	Background color deviation	- refer to approval sample				
3	Point defect	Point Size (Unit	t: mm)	Ac	ceptable Qty
	Back spot, dust	Ф≤0.10			Dis	sregarded
	(including polarizer)	0.10<Ф≤0.2	20		3	
	$\Phi = (X+Y)/2 \qquad \qquad$	0.20<Ф≤0.2	25		2	
		0.25<Ф≤0.30		1		
	Λ	Ф>0.30		0		
4	Line defect	Line (Unit: mm)		Ac	ceptable Qty	
	scratch	L	1	W		
	(including polarizer)		0.0	15≥W>	Dis	sregard
		≤2.5	0.0	3≥W>0.015	2	
		≤1.5	0.0	5≥W>0.03	2	
		≤1.5	(0.1≥W>0.05		1
			1	W>0.1	1	Applied as point defect
5	Rainbow	According t	o the	e limit sample		
6	Pin hole	Size		Area≤60cm ²		Area>60cm ²
		Size		Allowed number		ved number
		ф≤0.1			Dis	sregarded
		0.10<∳≤0.	.15	2		3
		0.15<∳≤0	.2	1		2
	Matrix type: pin hole	φ >0.2		0		0

	A Segment type: pin hole	Remark W: width of dot or segment A: in the horizontal direction B: in the vertical direction $\phi:(A+B)/2$		
	Segment defect: 1) Segment width defect	Size (mm)	Allowed number	
		(C+D)/2≤ 0.10	2	
		0.10≤(C+D)/2≤0.2	1	
		(C+D)/2>0.20	Not Allowed	
7	2) Segment pattern B A A A A A A A W	Remark A: in the horizontal direction B: in the vertical direction Segment width defect allowed standard $ A - B $ <0.2mm Does not touch other segment or matrix spot $D \le W/3$ (W: width of dot or segment)		
		Φ < 0.10mm	Disregarded	
		Φ≤1/4W	Disregarded	
		$1/4W \le \Phi \le 1/2W$	1	
		$\Phi > 1/2W$	0	
		Remark: W=SEGMENT WII	DTH; $\Phi = (A+B) /2$	
8	Back-light	1) the color of backlight should correspond its specification		
		2) not allow flickering		
9	Soldering	(1) not allow heavy dirty and solder ball on PCB(the size of dirty refer to point and dust defect)		

	Lead Land 50% lead	(2) over 50% of lead should be soldered on land
10		(1) copper wire should not be rusted
	Wire	(2) not allow crack on copper wire connection
		(3) not allow reversing the position of the flat cable

11 Packing

